

10-PPR Plant Protection Products and their Residues 2012-2015							
Expert name	Declared interests	Complementary information	EFSA cat	EFSA	CEO	Red flag	Grey zone
AAGAARD Alf BROCK Theodorus VICE-CHAIR	<p>1# Alterra, Wageningen University and Research Centre. Senior Research Scientist Aquatic Ecology and Ecotoxicology of the ERA team of Alterra. In 2011, 51% of the funding of Alterra was provided by the Dutch Ministry of Economic Affairs, Agriculture and Innovation (EL&I), 15% by other Dutch ministries, 15% by the European Union, 8% by the private sector, 7% by national authorities like Water Boards and municipalities, and 4% by others. 06/1991 – now.</p> <p>2# The last 5 years, as an employee of Alterra, I provided advice on how to interpret higher-tier toxicity data for Bayer, Chiminova, Dow Agrochemicals, BASF, Syngenta, Monsanto, Feinchemie Schwebda GMBH, Sumitomo and Makhteshim-Agan. This activity mainly concerns the interpretation of complex microcosm/mesocosm tests and the writing of independent expert opinions on the exposure-response relationships that can be derived from these semi-field studies. These independent expert opinions are often required by regulatory authorities. On behalf of Alterra I act as internal reviewer of semi-field experiments performed by Alterra under GLP and used for the registration procedure for pesticides. On an annual basis approximately 100 h of my time is involved in these activities funded by industry.</p> <p>3# On behalf of Alterra I play a role in the co-ordination of open domain experimental stress-ecology research in aquatic experimental ecosystems that we perform for various stake-holders (e.g. Dutch government; EU; Industry).</p> <p>4# CEFIC LRI. I am as researcher involved in the CEFIC LRI funded project "Evaluation of test methods for measuring toxicity to sediment organisms" to supervise a Ph-D student on aspects of tiered risk assessment approaches for toxicants and sediment organisms. The project concerns a</p>	<p>1# Alterra is a research institute, which is part of Wageningen University and Research Centre.</p> <p>2# Bayer, Chiminova, Dow Agrochemicals, BASE, Syngenta, Monsanto, Feinchemie Schwebda GMBH, Sumitomo and Makhteshim-Agan are chemical, pesticides and biotech companies.</p> <p>3# Insufficient information on the industrial "stakeholders"</p> <p>4# CEFIC is the European organisation for the chemical industry. CEFIC Long-range research initiative (CEFIC LRI) is CEFIC's research programme. CEFIC is recorded in the transparency register of the European Commission. It employs 72 people for its lobbying activities and declared 6.000.000€ of "costs to the organisation directly</p>	1# IV	1# no	1# no		1# Public institute benefiting from private fundings.
			2# IV	2# no	2# yes		2# Public institute providing paid services to the private sector.
			3# IV	3# no	3# ?	3# Insufficient declared information to assess the interest.	3# Public institute providing paid services to the private sector.
			4# VI	4# ?	4# yes		

	<p>collaboration of Wageningen University, IMARES and Alterra (project co-ordinator Prof A. Koelmans of Wageningen University). The project will last 4 years (3 years funded by CEFIC LRI and 1 year funded by Wageningen University). On an annual basis I will be approximately 2 to 3 weeks involved in this project. The deliverable of this research will be a scientific report for CEFIC, scientific publications in refereed journals and a Ph-D thesis. 04/2011 – now.</p> <p>5# Chemical Industry. In the past (2000 - 2001) I acted as study director or principal investigator of GLP Microcosm / mesocosm experiments conducted to support the registration procedure of plant protection products. In 2010 I was involved as study co-ordinator in an open domain outdoor microcosm experiment on the effects of fungicides on freshwater communities in experimental ditches (funded by the Dutch Ministry of EL&I and BASF). The funding by industry involved in this activity goes directly to Alterra. The past year approximately 5 % of my research time concerned this activity. 01/2000 – now.</p> <p>6# Society of Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (SETAC). Member. In the period 2003 – 2004, I was president of SETAC Europe. From 2006 to 2009 I was chair of the SETAC/EU Workshop on Linking Aquatic Exposure and Effects in the Registration Procedure of Plant Protection Products. Currently I am member of the editorial board of the scientific journal Integrated Environmental Assessment and Management. No funding is involved with this activity. 01/1995 – now.</p>	<p>related to representing interests to EU institutions” between 10/2011 and 09/2012.</p> <p>5# Insufficient information about the “chemical industry”. BASF is a chemical and biotech company.</p> <p>6# The Society of the Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (SETAC) Europe is sponsored by several private companies and organisations including EuroChlor, the European organisation for the chlorine industry, or CEFIC, the European organisation for the chemical industry. SETAC Global is sponsored by several private companies, including ExxonMobil, an oil company, or 3M, a chemical company. SETAC global is affiliated with ILSI's Health and Environmental Science Institute (HESI). International Life Sciences Institute (ILSI) is an industry-funded organisation.</p>	5# VI	5# no	5# yes		5# Public institute providing paid services to the private sector.
CAPRI Ettore	<p>1# Research Center European Observatory for the Sustainable Agriculture (OPERA) – replacing the European Observatory for Pesticide Risk Analysis – of the Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore. Director. The research activity is based on sponsorships from different sources, public (local and regional administrations, academia, governative, european commission), private (stakeholders associations). The</p>	<p>1# The European Observatory for the Sustainable Agriculture (OPERA) describes itself as “a young, growing independent research centre and think tank of the Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore providing simple pragmatic solutions to support EU and national decision making. We bridge science and policy through a transparent platform to debate the right approaches for sustainable, intensive agriculture.”</p>	1# II	1# no	1# yes		

	<p>director, today Ettore Capri, has no financial relationship with the sponsors and with the administration department of the university. As director of the research center Ettore Capri has no direct and indirect income because his activity is an academic activity as Professor with a full time contract (see Italian regulation of the Italian Ministry of the Education and Research). Ettore Capri manages the research programs with his specific competence and expertise in soil science, agronomy, ecotoxicology, pesticide sciences, risk assessment & communication organising the activities of stagers, PhD students, junior scientists. In addition Ettore Capri is responsible of the scientific dissemination activities including workshops, round tables, seminars and conferences. 03/2011 – now.</p> <p>2# Research Center European Observatory for Pesticide Risk Analysis (OPERA) of the Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore. Member of the Steering Committee acting as Director. Responsible of the scientific management and of the research center functioning (art. 5 of the Statute). Funds (including chemical industries): Management of the funds are regulated by the national law and internal regulation of the university (art. 7 and 8 of the statute). Administrative and financial management are under the responsibility of the university administration. I do not receive funds in my personal capacity. I do not participate in the financial negotiation with the sponsors. I report to them the scientific outputs of the research carried out. 09/2009 - 02/2011.</p> <p>3# EU-funded FP7* project LOVE-TO-HATE - Pesticides: Felicity or curse for the soil microbial community. It is an Industry-Academia Partnerships and Pathways (FP7-PEOPLE-2012-IAPP). The Advisory Board is an external board which will be set up for the needs and duration of the LOVE-TO-HATE project. The AB will be composed of four top class scientists selected based on their expertise in the research area of the project. Both sectors, academic and</p>	<p>OPERA's scientific committee includes Anne Alix, regulatory risk management leader at Dow AgroSciences, a pesticides and biotech company ; Alain Dini, head of European regulatory affairs at Bayer Crop Science, a pesticides and biotech company; Pasquale Di Rubbo, a policy advisor at COPA-COGECA, the lobby organisation for European farmers; Romano De Vivo, head of sustainability & stewardship, Europe Africa and Middle East at Syngenta, a pesticides and biotech company. Although OPERA does not disclose its funding sources, it is recorded in the transparency register of the European Commission and declared a total budget of 625.000€ including 50.000€ from unnamed private companies. OPERA has an office in Brussels.</p> <p>The Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore is considered a Food Safety Organisation by EFSA.</p> <p>2# See above 1# European Observatory for the Sustainable Agriculture (OPERA)</p> <p>3# LOVE-TO-HATE is an Industry-Academia Partnerships and Pathways (IAPP).</p>	2# II	2# II	2# yes		3# EU-funded project with minor private beneficiaries.
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	<p>industrial are represented in the AB to obtain a more comprehensive evaluation. The AB delivers advice during annual meeting, I act as member. The subject of the project is not addressing issue of the PPR panel. 02/2013 – now.</p> <p>4# SETAC. SETAC is the scientific society in environmental toxicology and chemistry. The EMAG-Pest (Environmental Monitoring Advisory Group on Pesticides) is one of the working group of the Society with the remit to advice good monitoring practices in the post-registration studies for the evaluation of environmental effects of Plant Protection Products. I am member of the advisory committee. The advisory committee has no legal entity, there is no rule in the decision process, the participation is free and at voluntaree basis, the expected output is a scientific paper and data base on scenario application. The deliverables are public for any stakeholders interested (student, scientist, etc). 01/2011 – now.</p> <p>5# Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore (UCSC). Based on a financial assessment of the last year the private sponsorship received do not exceed 2% total budget for the research. UCSC is in scientific network with CERZOO s.r.l. when certified studies are required from the EU and private research projects such as for GMO and GMM, for pharmaceuticals and plant protection products. CERZOO is a Small Medium Enterprise (SME) has an independent administrative management. CERZOO is an independent body that works in compliance with the international Good Laboratory Practices. This services are offered in the market to clients such as the UCSC. 10/2002 – now</p> <p>6# Federconsumatori and Camera di Commercio di Piacenza. PIACECIBOSANO Educational project for schools. It is a network for sustainable agri-food chain, for healthy and quality food in the territory of Piacenza. The network has been created by Federconsumatori – national consumer NGO - to promote the</p>	<p>4# The Society of Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (SETAC) Global is sponsored by several private companies, including ExxonMobil, an oil company, or 3M, a chemical company. SETAC global is affiliated with ILSI's Health and Environmental Sciences Institute (HESI). International Life Sciences Institute (ILSI) is an industry-funded organisation.</p> <p>The steering committee of SETAC's Environmental Monitoring Advisory Group on Pesticides (EMAG-Pest) is chaired by Anne Alix, regulatory risk management leader at Dow AgroSciences ; and includes 3 industry employees from BASF (Peter Dohmen), Syngenta (Paul Sweeney), Sumitomo chemical agro (Silvia Hinarejos), all pesticides and biotech companies.</p> <p>5# No information could be found on CERZOO, a private company.</p> <p>6# Federconsumatori is a consumers' organisation. Camera di Commercio di Piacenza is the chamber of commerce of Piacenza.</p>	<p>4# III</p> <p>5# VI</p> <p>6# VI</p>	<p>4# no</p> <p>5# no</p> <p>6# ?</p>	<p>4# yes</p> <p>5# ?</p> <p>6# no</p>	<p>5# Insufficient declared information to assess the case.</p>	
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	<p>territorial development by informed choice of good quality and environmental friendly food. In this project the deliverable is an educational programme for the schools. There is no income at personal level . 03/2013 – now.</p> <p>7# Federconsumatori and Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry. PIACECIBOSANO stakeholder consultations. The network for sustainable agri-food chain, for healthy and quality food in the territory of Piacenza. This specific project is dealing to NETWORKING with 30 public and private subjects of the Piacenza's agro-food chain. Deliverables of the projects is the collection of the needs and of the skills of the stakeholders as rationale of the educational and training programmes on sustainable food production and consumption. 02/2013 – now.</p> <p>8# EU-funded FP7* project 4FUN - The FUture of FULLY integrated human exposure assessment of chemicals: Ensuring the long-term viability and technology transfer of the EU-Funded 2-FUN tools as standardised solution. 10/2012 – now.</p> <p>9# EU co-funded project ECOPROWINE. 10/2012 – now.</p> <p>10# EU-funded FP7* project HEROIC - Health and Environmental Risks: Organisation, Integration and Crossfertilisation of Scientific Knowledge. 10/2011 – now.</p> <p>11# EU-funded FP7* project BROWSE - Bystanders, Residents, Operators and WorkerS. Exposure models for plant protection products. Coordinator of the WP for the development of indicator of the Sustainable Use Directive and contribute in the development of model for the inhalation exposure of bystanders and residents (volatilization processes).</p>	<p>7# Federconsumatori is a consumers' organisation.</p> <p>8# 4FUN consortium is coordinated by AEIFORIA SRL, an Italian company, which is a university Spin-Off of the Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore di Piacenza. Its aim is to "provide several services to the agricultural and food companies, to industries and companies that produce, sell and commercialize chemical substances and technologies in the agrochemical, food and domestic sector, and industrial, pharmaceutical sector". The consortium includes private companies, among which Electricité de France (EDF), the French electrical company, and Enviresearch, a UK regulatory consultancy firm.</p> <p>9# ECOPROWINE is a private-public partnership with wine producers.</p> <p>10# HEROIC consortium includes private partners such as Electricité de France (EDF), the French electrical company.</p> <p>11# BROWSE consortium includes one non-profit private partners – The Arable group.</p>	<p>7# VI</p> <p>8# VI</p> <p>9# VI</p> <p>10# VI</p> <p>11# VI</p>	<p>7# ?</p> <p>8# no</p> <p>9# no</p> <p>10# no</p> <p>11# no</p>	<p>7# no</p> <p>8# ?</p> <p>9# no</p> <p>10# no</p> <p>11# no</p>		<p>8# EU-funded project with private beneficiaries.</p> <p>9# EU-funded project with private beneficiaries. 8# EU-funded project with private beneficiaries.</p> <p>11# EU-funded project with private beneficiaries.</p>
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	<p>The fund is paid to my employer (Administration of the Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore) and I do not receive funds in my personal capacity. 01/2011 – now.</p> <p>12# Regione Lombardia, SPRiM, Syngenta, Suez, Dow Agrosciences. BEVISICURO project. National project starting 1st February 2011. It is a project awarding 4 grants for post-doc scientists (2 years each). Sponsored 50% Syngenta/DowAgroSciences and 50% Regione Lombardia. My role is the scientific direction and supervision of each sub projects. No administrative and financial involvement. The fund is paid to my employer (Administration of the Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore) and I do not receive funds in my personal capacity. 01/2011 – now.</p> <p>13# ECPA. TOPPS-PROWADIS project. It is an EU multi-partner project starting February 2011, with the aim to further reduce Plant Protection Products (PPP) losses to surface water. Main sponsors are EU LIFE (DG Environment) and ECPA (European Crop Protection Association). My University is subcontractor of the University of York, main partner. My role is scientific and I don't have administrative and economic involvement. My role is to supervise the scientific consistence of the project plan including the model parametrisation of the efficiency of Vegetated Filter Strips. One post-doc student is actively involved in the practical implementation then receiving the funding throughout my administration. Sub-contract funding administrated by my University is so distributed between this student grant and travel expenses. The fund is paid to my employer (Administration of the Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore) and I do not receive funds in my personal capacity. 01/2011 – now.</p> <p>European Commission DG Research and Innovation. RT&D projects in the field of the environmental and human risk assessment by chemicals. These projects are not intended to work with pesticide but the concepts and the results might be transposed to the</p>	<p>12# Syngenta and Dow Agrosciences, are pesticides and biotech companies. Suez is an energy and water treatment company.</p> <p>13# European Crop Protection Association (ECPA) is the European organisation for pesticides and biotech companies. ECPA is recorded in the transparency register of the European Commission and declared between 100.000 and 150.000€ of “costs to the organisation directly related to representing interests to EU institutions” in 2012.</p>	<p>12# VI</p> <p>13# VI</p>	<p>12# ?</p> <p>13# ?</p>	<p>12# yes</p> <p>13# yes</p>		
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	<p>pesticide science. The actual projects carried out have been sourced by the European Commission in the 6th and 7th framework of research such as the:</p> <p>14# EU-funded FP7* project RISKCYCLE (Risk-based management of chemicals and products in a circular economy at a global scale)</p> <p>15# EU-funded FP6* project 2FUN (Full-chain and UNcertainty Approaches for Assessing Health Risks in Future ENvironmental Scenarios)</p> <p>16# EU-funded FP7* project GENESIS (Groundwater and Dependent Ecosystems: New Scientific and Technological Basis for Assessing Climate Change and Land-use Impacts on Groundwater)</p> <p><i>As usual the consortium agreement and the contract for the above research are signed by EC and my university. I have no financial income. 01/2008 – now.</i></p> <p>17# Research project in the 6th and 7th Framework. LIFE project on risk assessment of xenobiotics, risk assessment for consumer and resident population. The legal representative is the Rector and my Administration whose sign the contract with the Commission. I don't take money in my own bank accounts, there is no conflict with the activities of Panel and, in the case of contract with EFSA I have no hierarchical relation with the scientist involved in these research projects. 10/1991 – now.</p> <p>18# Agrochemical and chemical companies. Sponsor research activities supported by private company for study to be carried out in GLP (Good Laboratory Practice) compliance accepted by the Public Authorities. Support consist in grant, fellowship, instrumentation, consumables. In this research I deal as scientific director. There are no current activities sponsored by industries in conflict with the activity carried out in PPR panel. University negotiate the</p>	<p>14# RISKCYCLE consortium (FP7*) includes 3private partners: TuTech, a technology transfer company, NordecConsult, a consulting firm and the Istituto di ricerche farmacologiche Mario Negri, a private biomedical research organisation.</p> <p>15# 2FUN consortium (FP6**) includes 2 private partners: Electricité de France (EDF), the French electrical company; and Facilia, a health and environment consulting firm.</p> <p>16# GENESIS consortium (FP7*) includes minor private partners such as Gis-Geoindustry, a geology, hydrogeology and geophysics company.</p> <p>17# Insufficient information. The project could not be identified.</p> <p>18# Research fundings from unknown agrochemical and chemical companies.</p>	<p>14# VI</p> <p>15# VI</p> <p>16# VI</p> <p>17# VI</p> <p>18# VI</p>	<p>14# no</p> <p>15# no</p> <p>16# no</p> <p>17# no</p> <p>18# no</p>	<p>14# no</p> <p>15# ?</p> <p>16# no</p> <p>17# ?</p> <p>18# ?</p>	<p>17# Insufficient declared information to assess the case.</p>	<p>14# EU-funded project with minor private beneficiaries.</p> <p>15# EU-funded project with private beneficiaries.</p> <p>16# EU-funded project with minor private beneficiaries.</p>
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	<p>contract and gets the grant assigned in its own bank accounts. I don't take money in my own account. 12/1987 - 12/2010.</p> <p>19# SETAC Scientific society dealing with hazard and risk assessment of chemicals. I pay a membership fee every year. 01/2002 – now.</p> <p>20# Gruppo Italiano Fitofarmaci ed Ambiente (GRIFA). Member. GRIFA is an Italian scientific society on plant protection products and environment. It represents the network of scientists working in pesticide sciences in Italy. As the other national and international scientific society the remit is to deliver information for disseminating scientific output of the research inside and outside the network, organise conference and summer school, publish book on specific thematic. More information are available at http://www.grifa.org/. 01/2001 – now.</p>	<p>19# The Society of Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (SETAC) Global is sponsored by several private companies, including ExxonMobil, an oil company, or 3M, a chemical company. SETAC global is affiliated with ILSI's Health and Environmental Science Institute (HESI). International Life Sciences Institute (ILSI) is an industry-funded organisation.</p> <p>20# No information could be found on the Gruppo Italiano Fitofarmaci ed Ambiente (GRIFA)'s fundings. Its meetings and summer schools are not sponsored.</p>	19# VIII	19# CbC	19# no		
			20# VIII	20# CbC	20# no		
DUQUESNE Sabine	<p>1# EU-funded FP7* project CREAM - Mechanistic Effect Models for Ecological Risk Assessment of Chemicals; I am responsible for the UBA (Federal Environment Agency) partnership. 09-2009 – now.</p> <p>2# SETAC. Active member since more than 10 years (session chairman, numerous platform and poster presentations). 01/2000 – now.</p> <p>3# EFSA My Partner- Matthias Liess- is member of a Scientific Panel of EFSA and its related working groups and is therefore subjected to the EFSA independence policy. 11/2012 – now.</p> <p>4# International Journals, research</p>	<p>1# CREAM consortium includes Syngenta, a pesticide company. Its "associate partners" include BASF and Bayer, chemical and biotech companies.</p> <p>2# The Society of the Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (SETAC) Europe is sponsored by several private companies and organisations including EuroChlor, the European organisation for the chlorine industry, or CEFIC, the European organisation for the chemical industry. SETAC Global is sponsored by several private companies, including ExxonMobil, an oil company, or 3M, a chemical company. SETAC global is affiliated with ILSI's Health and Environmental Science Institute (HESI). International Life Sciences Institute (ILSI) is an industry-funded organisation.</p>	1# IV	1# no	1# yes		1# This interest should have been declared in the research funding category (VI) + EU-funded project with one private beneficiary.
			2# VIII	2# CbC	2# ?	2# Insufficient declared information on the "numerous platforms" to assess the interest.	
			3# IX (Close family member)	3# CbC	3# no		
			4# IX	4# CbC	4#		

	<p>granting bodies Reviewer of manuscripts for several international Journals:</p> <p>a-Aquatic toxicology b-Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry c-Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety d-Chemosphere e-Science of the Total Environment f-Journal of Vector Ecology g-etc</p> <p>Reviewer of research application for several granting bodies: National Science Foundation, USA (2010), EU-FP7 (call on environment, 2010), region Rhone-Alpes, France (2012). 01/2005 – now.</p>	<p>b-Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry is owned by the Society of Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (SETAC) Global is sponsored by several private companies, including ExxonMobil, an oil company, or 3M, a chemical company. SETAC global is affiliated with ILSI's Health and Environmental Science Institute (HESI). International Life Sciences Institute (ILSI) is an industry-funded organisation. g-"etc" is not a journal.</p>	(Close family member)		<p>a-no b-no c-no d-no e-no f-no g-?</p>	<p>4# Sabine Duquesne's partner (Mathias Liess) is also member of the panel. He has declared less interests in scientific journals. Yet he has specified that he is member of the Editorial board of the journal Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (04/2009 – now), although his name does not appear in the list.</p>	
FILIPIC Metka	<p>EU-funded FP7* project CYTOTHREAT - Fate and effects of cytostatic pharmaceuticals in the environment and the identification of biomarkers for and improved risk assessment on environmental exposure. Coordinator. 01/2011 - now</p>	<p>CYTOTHREAT consortium includes only public research institutes and universities.</p>	VI	no	no		
HERNANDEZ-JEREZ Antonio F.	<p>1# Spanish Association of Toxicology (AETOX). Member of the Executive Committee. Non-profit association involved in the promotion of Toxicology in Spain. It is also a member of the European Federation of Societies of Toxicology. The association is not involved in activities regarding pesticide (or other chemicals) regulation or regulatory assessment and has no relationships with private companies. 09/2005 - 07/2011.</p> <p>2# IUTOX (International Union of Toxicology). Member of the National Scientific Committee of the IUTOX 2010 Congress (Barcelona, 19-23 July 2010). The main duty was to design the scientific programme of the Congress and to make the better choice for the symposiums and workshop. I had a right to vote. 09/2008 - 07/2010.</p> <p>3# Spanish Association of Toxicology (AETOX). Member. As an active member of this association I am encouraged to participate in the bianual Congress of</p>	<p>1# The Spanish Association of Toxicology (Asociación Española de Toxicología - AETOX)'s 2011 congress had private sponsors.</p> <p>2# IUTOX 2010 was sponsored by numerous private companies, including AstraZeneca and Pfizer, pharmaceutical companies. Some specific scientific symposia and workshops were sponsored, among others, by LRI/CEFIC and ILSI/HESI. CEFIC is the European organisation for the chemical industry, and CEFIC Long-range research initiative (CEFIC LRI) is CEFIC's research programme. The Health and Environmental Science Institute (HESI) is an ILSI structure. International Life Sciences Institute (ILSI) is an industry-funded organisation.</p> <p>3# The Spanish Association of Toxicology (Asociación Española de Toxicología - AETOX)'s 2011 congress had private sponsors.</p>	<p>1# II</p> <p>2# III</p> <p>3# VIII</p>	<p>1# no</p> <p>2# no</p> <p>3# CbC</p>	<p>1# yes</p> <p>2# yes</p> <p>3# no</p>		

	AETOX or assist to the Executive Committee when requested as regards to a scientific issue that falls on my field of interest. No compensation is received by this activity. 07/1993 – now.						
HIRSCH-ERNST Karen Ildico	1# Deutsche Gesellschaft für experimentelle und klinische Pharmakologie und Toxikologie (DGPT), the German Society of Pharmacology and Toxicology. Member. This society is a scientific nonprofit registered association. Its aim is to bring forward and support the scientific and practical interests concerning the disciplines of pharmacology and toxicology. Within the DGPT, the expert is a member of the GT ("Deutsche Gesellschaft für Toxikologie" = German Society of Toxicology), which is a sub-society within the DGPT. The expert is a member of the scientific committee that is involved in the preparation of the scientific programme for the annual national meetings of the GT. Member. 03/1995 – now.	1# No information could be found on the German Society for Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology (Deutsche Gesellschaft für experimentelle und klinische Pharmakologie und Toxikologie - DGPT)'s funding sources. One of the five presidium members is an employee from Sanofi-Aventis , a pharmaceutical company.	1# VIII	1# CbC	1# no		
HOUGAARD Susanne VICE-CHAIR							
KLEIN Michael	1# Fraunhofer Gesellschaft zur Förderung der Angewandten Forschung (FHG). Some industry sponsored model developments. I am and was always only paid by Fraunhofer for my work. In 2010 the private fundig of the Fraunhofer IME summed up to 36.5 % (see http://www.ime.fraunhofer.de/en/about_us/institute_data1.html). However, the amount of private funding I am personally involved in do not exceed 25% because of the special position I am having in the Fraunhofer IME. 06/1987 – now. 2# Fraunhofer Gesellschaft zur Förderung der Angewandten Forschung (FHG). -Computer model ESCAPE (Estimation of soil concentrations after pesticide applications) -Computer model STEPS 1234 -Computer model PELMO (pesticide leaching model) The models can be downloaded by everybody free of charge. Neither the Fraunhofer Gesellschaft nor myself have therefore a financial gain because of the model. 01/1991 – now.	1# The Fraunhofer Institute is a German research institute. "€1.9 billion annual research budget totaling. Of this sum, €1.6 billion is generated through contract research. More than 70 percent of the Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft's contract research revenue is derived from contracts with industry and from publicly financed research projects." 2# The Fraunhofer Institute is a German research institute. "€1.9 billion annual research budget totaling. Of this sum, €1.6 billion is generated through contract research. More than 70 percent of the Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft's contract research revenue is derived from contracts with industry and from publicly financed research projects."	1# IV 2# VII	1# no 2# CbC	1# yes 2# no		1# Public institute providing paid services to the private sector.

KUHL Thomas	1# SCC - Scientific Consulting Company. Private consultancy Consulting within evaluation and notification of pesticide active substances under Dir. 91/414/EEC, WHO/FAO (JMPR) and national authorisations. 09/2004 - 08/2007.	1# Scientific Consulting Company (SCC) is a private scientific consultancy firm.	1# IV	1# CbC	1# yes		
LASKOWSKI Ryszard	<p>1# Bialowiecki National Park. Member of the Scientific Advisory Board. Remit of the Advisory Board: consultancy on protection goals for the National Park and research projects undertaken within the N.P. borders. Nature of advices: opinions, advice. My role: member with a right to vote. 01/2010 – now.</p> <p>2# EU-funded FP7* project CREAM - Mechanistic Effect Models for Ecological Risk Assessment of Chemicals". Contract no. PITN-GA-2009-238148. Project partners are some major PPP industries (BASF, Syngenta) and national regulatory bodies (France, UK, Sweden). Responsibility: supervising PhD students, preparing scientific reports and articles and all other regular scientific activities (conferences, workshops, etc.) The funding to the project goes through the Jagiellonian University which manages the project financially. I am not personally paid by the EC for this activity apart from my regular university wage. 04/2009 – now.</p> <p>3# EU-funded FP6** project NOMIRACLE - Novel Methods for Integrated Risk Assessment of Cumulative Stressors in Europe". Contract no. 003956-2. Research subject: effects of multiple stressors on organisms -consequences for ERA. No direct connection with authorization bodies, registration of PPPs, etc. Results published in international journals. The funding to the project goes through the Jagiellonian University which manages the project financially. I have not been personally paid by the EC for this activity apart from my university wage and financial support for the project from Polish Ministry for Higher Education and Science. 10/2004 - 10/2009.</p> <p>4# EU-funded FP6** project ALARM – Assessing LArge-scale environmental Risks with tested Methods", Contract no.</p>	<p>1# Bialowiecki National Park's website.</p> <p>2# CREAM consortium includes Syngenta, a pesticide and biotech company. Its "associate partners" include BASF and Bayer, chemical and biotech companies.</p> <p>3# NOMIRACLE consortium includes minor private partners such as Limco International, a environmental consulting company.</p> <p>4# ALARM consortium includes private partners such as Procter & Gamble, a detergent and personal care products company.</p>	<p>1# III</p> <p>2# VI</p> <p>3# VI</p> <p>4# VI</p>	<p>1# no</p> <p>2# no</p> <p>3# no</p> <p>4# no</p>	<p>1# no</p> <p>2# yes</p> <p>3# no</p> <p>4# no</p>		<p>2# EU-funded project with one private beneficiary.</p> <p>3# EU-funded project with minor private beneficiaries.</p> <p>4# EU-funded project with private beneficiaries.</p>

	<p>506675. Research subject of my team: effects of large-scale pollution with metals on microbial and invertebrate communities. No direct connection with authorization bodies, registration of PPPs, etc. Results published in international journals. The funding to the project goes through the Jagiellonian University which manages the project financially. I have not been personally paid by the EC for this activity apart from my university wage and financial support for the project from Polish Ministry for Higher Education and Science.03/2004 - 04/2008.</p> <p>5# Society of the Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry SETAC Europe. Central/East branch. President of SETAC Europe CE in 2008-2010, vice-president for 2011-2013. Duties: organizing SETAC ECE meetings, recruiting new members, planning future activities. Decision making: limited to places and dates of the meetings, declaring leading topics for the conferences. The branch is governed by the Council of the SETAC Central & East Europe Branch. 01/2008 – now.</p> <p>6# Society of the Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry - SETAC-Europe. Member since 1999. Member of Scientific Committees for SETAC Europe conferences, on irregular basis. 01/1999 – now.</p>	<p>5# The Society of the Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (SETAC) Europe is sponsored by several private companies and organisations including EuroChlor, the European organisation for the chlorine industry, or CEFIC, the European organisation for the chemical industry. SETAC Global is sponsored by several private companies, including ExxonMobil, an oil company, or 3M, a chemical company. SETAC global is affiliated with ILSI's Health and Environmental Science Institute (HESI). International Life Sciences Institute (ILSI) is an industry-funded organisation.</p> <p>6# The Society of the Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (SETAC) Europe is sponsored by several private companies and organisations including EuroChlor, the European organisation for the chlorine industry, or CEFIC, the European organisation for the chemical industry. SETAC Global is sponsored by several private companies, including ExxonMobil, an oil company, or 3M, a chemical company. SETAC global is affiliated with ILSI's Health and Environmental Science Institute (HESI). International Life Sciences Institute (ILSI) is an industry-funded organisation.</p>	5# VIII	5# CbC	5# yes		
LIESS Matthias	<p>1# Kienbaum, Management Consultants GmbH. Evaluation of organisation structure of UBA (Umweltbundesamt, The Federal Environment Agency), Germany. Non-fulltime activity is terminated. 06/2007 - 11/2007.</p> <p>2# EU-funded FP7* project CREAM - Mechanistic Effect Models for Ecological Risk Assessment Chemicals. Development of ecotoxicological models for the use in risk assessment. 01/2009 – now.</p>	<p>1# Kienbaum is a management consulting firm.</p> <p>2# CREAM consortium includes Syngenta, a pesticides and biotech company. Its "associate partners" include BASF and Bayer, chemical and biotech companies.</p>	1# V	1# no	1# no		2# EU-funded project with private beneficiaries.

	<p>3# EU-funded FP6** project INTERACT -Improving EU-risk assessment of toxicants for aquatic communities by considering competition on the population and community level. Funding was paid to employer (UFZ) 02/2006 - 03/2009.</p> <p>4# Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry. Editorial board. 04/2009 – now.</p> <p>5# My Partner (Sabine Duquesne) is member of a Scientific Panel of EFSA and its related working groups and is therefore subjected to the EFSA independence policy. 10/2012 – now.</p>	<p>3# INTERACT consortium included only Umweltforschungszentrum Leipzig-Halle (UFZ), a public centre for environmental research .</p> <p>4# Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry is owned by the The Society of Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry (SETAC) Global. SETAC Global is sponsored by several private companies, including ExxonMobil, an oil company, or 3M, a chemical company. SETAC global is affiliated with ILSI's Health and Environmental Science Institute (HESI). International Life Sciences Institute (ILSI) is an industry-funded organisation.</p>	<p>3# VI</p> <p>4# VIII</p> <p>5# IX (Close family member)</p>	<p>3# no</p> <p>4# CbC</p> <p>5# CbC</p>	<p>3# no</p> <p>4# no</p> <p>5# no</p>	<p>4# Mathias Liess' partner (Sabine Duquesne) is also member of the panel. She has declared for him more interests in scientific journals.</p>	
MANTOVANI Alberto	<p>1# EU-funded FP6** project NewGeneris - Development and application of biomarkers of dietary exposure to genotoxic and immunotoxic chemicals and of biomarkers of early effects, using mother-child birth cohorts and biobanks. External advisory scientific board. 03/2007 - 01/2011.</p> <p>2# EU-funded FP6** project CASCADE - Chemicals as contaminants in the food chain. 12/2007 - 12/2010.</p> <p>3# EU-funded FP6** project "AquaMax" - Sustainable aquafeeds to maximise the health benefits of farmed fish for consumers. 03/2006 - 12/2010.</p> <p>4# UE funded F6** project ReProTect - Development of a novel approach in hazard and risk assessment or reproductive toxicity by a combination and application of in vitro, tissue and sensor technologies. Coordinator of research area IV ("Cross-cutting technologies") www.reprotect.eu 07/2004 - 01/2010</p> <p>5# Italian Society Environment and Health – ISEH. Interdisciplinary scientific</p>	<p>1# NewGeneris consortium includes minor private partners such as BioDetections Systems, a bioassays company.</p> <p>2# # CASCADE consortium included private partners such as Puleva (now Biosearch Life), an ingredient company or Karo Bio, a pharmaceutical company.</p> <p>3# AquaMax consortium included private partners of the farmed fish sector such as the Federation of European aquaculture producers (FEAP).</p> <p>4# ReProTect consortium includes private partners such as Pfizer, Bayer Pharma or Johnson & Johnson, pharmaceutical companies.</p> <p>5# No information could be found on the Italian Society Environment and Health (ISEH).</p>	<p>1# III</p> <p>2# VI</p> <p>3# VI</p> <p>4# VI</p> <p>5# VIII</p>	<p>1# no</p> <p>2# VI</p> <p>3# VI</p> <p>4# no</p> <p>5# CbC</p>	<p>1# no</p> <p>2# no</p> <p>3# yes</p> <p>4# ?</p> <p>5# ?</p>	<p>1# EU-funded project with minor private beneficiaries.</p> <p>2# EU-funded project with minor private beneficiary</p> <p>3# EU-funded project with private beneficiaries..</p>	

	<p>society on the links Food / Environment / health. National character. Member. 02/2009 – now.</p> <p>6# European Teratology Society. Scientific society devoted to the study of reproductive toxicants. Member. 09/1996 – now.</p> <p>7# Italian Society for Reproductive Toxicology. Member. 01/2004 – 06/2010.</p> <p>8# ILSI - International Life Science Institute. TTC workshop, 8-10 June 2011. Participation on behalf of EFSA 06/2011 – 06/2011.</p> <p>9# CIR-Chemical Industries Regulation. Invitation as speaker on feed additives risk assessment at the CIR meeting of 9-10 september in Europe Talk will concern discussion of already adopted opinions by FEEDAP Panel, with no reference to ongoing topics either within or outside (e.g., bisphenol A) the FEEDAP panel remit. 07/2010 - 07/2010.</p> <p>10# CEFIC. Participation to CEFIC meeting on endocrine disrupters. (29-30 June 2009); participation specifically involved a discussion group on methods and parameters to assess endocrine disruption. Discussion concerned current and developing test guidelines, with no reference to any specific chemical, including those under discussion by EFSA (e.g., bisphenol A). 06/2009 - 06/2009.</p>	<p>6# The European Teratology Society's 2013 annual meeting is sponsored by several private companies, including Sanofi-Aventis and Takeda, pharmaceutical companies ; and ILSI's Health and Environmental Science Institute (HESI). International Life Sciences Institute (ILSI) is an industry-funded organisation.</p> <p>7# No information could be found on the Italian Society for Reproductive Toxicology.</p> <p>8# International Life Sciences Institute (ILSI) is an industry-funded organisation.</p> <p>9# CIR-Chemical Industries Regulation are annual conferences. The 2013 edition was sponsored by private companies and had exhibitors such as Exponent and Environ, regulatory consultancy and product defense firms.</p> <p>10# CEFIC is the European organisation for the chemical industry. It is recorded in the transparency register of the European Commission. It employs 72 people for its lobbying activities and declared 6.000.000€ of "costs to the organisation directly related to representing interests to EU institutions" between 10/2011 and 09/2012.</p>	6# VIII	6# CbC	6# no		
			7# VIII	7# CbC	7# ?		
			8# IX	8# CbC	8# yes	8# EFSA's communication work should be done by its communication staff rather than panel experts.	
			9# IX	9# CbC	9# yes		
			10# IX	10# CbC	10# yes		
OCKLEFORD Colin	1# Anatomical Society. http://www.anatsoc.org.uk/ Learned society. Newly reelected to the Council as from December 2012. I am presently a committee member of the investment committee, research committee, meetings committee and constitution committee. 01/1980 – now.	1# The Anatomical Society has no corporate funding according to its 2011 financial statements .	1# II	1# CbC	1# no		
OSSENDORP Bernadette CHAIR	1# EU-funded FP7* project ACROPOLIS - Aggregate and Cumulative Risk of Pesticides: an Online Integrated Strategy, KBBE-2009-2-4-03). Leader of Work Package Leader of WP2 (Cumulative dietary exposure and effect assessment). The coordination of the	1# ACROPOLIS consortium includes one private partner: Freshfel , the European Fresh Produce Association, a trade organisation. Freshfel is recorded in the transparency register of the European Commission and declared between 100.000 and 150.000€ of "costs to the organisation directly related to representing	1# VI	1# no	1# no	According to EFSA rules, Bernadette Ossendorp should not be allowed to chair the PPR panel. One of her close family members is employed as a professor by a non-food safety	1# EU-funded project with private beneficiaries.

	<p>whole project is also with RIVM (J.D. van Klaveren). The funding is paid to my employer. 06/2010 – now.</p> <p>2# Wageningen University. Close family member Professor in water & sediment quality. 01/2005.</p>	<p>interests to EU institutions” in 2011.</p> <p>2# Wageningen UR is a Dutch university and research centre.</p>	<p>2# IV (Close family member)</p>	<p>2# yes</p>	<p>2# no</p>	<p>organisation (2#), which is considered a conflict of interest.</p> <p>CEO does not consider this as a conflict of interest</p>	
PICKFORD Daniel	<p>1# OECD Chemical Industries Representative (BIAC) on initial scoping of activity of the Expert Consultation on Endocrine Disrupter Testing in Amphibians, regarding development and validation of amphibian test guidelines for detecting endocrine disrupting activity (such as might be used for screening PPPs) 04/2001 - 04/2001.</p> <p>2# Syngenta AG. Co-sponsorship of graduate research project on a non substance specific ecotoxicology issue that has bearing on PPR domain: development of life cycle methods in amphibians for assessing adult reproductive impacts of larval exposure to model estrogens. The only chemical used in the research was ethinyl estradiol (as a model estrogen), so the research only had general relevance to chemical safety assessment (PPP or other types of chemical) by virtue of potentially supporting further development of ecotoxicological test methods. The associated deliverable was an MPhil thesis (there was no assessment report or finding relevant to risk assessment or regulatory decision on any PPP. Funding for this research (circa £35,000 over 3 years) was paid directly to my employer and retained in managed accounts (student stipend, tuition payment for higher degree registration, consumables). I received no funding or incentive personally. 05/2006 - 05/2009.</p> <p>3# ECETOC. Invited attendance at workshop on "Risk assessment of endocrine disrupting chemicals", Florence, Italy, 9-10 May 2011. No regulatory/risk assessment decisions made - discussing basic science issues. 05/2011 - 05/2011.</p>	<p>1# The Business and Industry Advisory Committee (BIAC) is an official body of the OECD.</p> <p>2# Syngenta is a pesticides and biotech company.</p> <p>3# The European Centre for Ecotoxicology and Toxicology of Chemicals (ECETOC) is a industry organisation funded by chemical, pesticide and oil companies, including BASF and Bayer.</p>	<p>1# II</p> <p>2# VI</p> <p>3# IX</p>	<p>1# no</p> <p>2# no</p> <p>3# no</p>	<p>1# no (+5 years)</p> <p>2# yes</p> <p>3# yes</p>		
SMITH Robert	<p>1# Rodenticide Resistance Action Group (RRAG). UK. Public. The role of RRAG is to provide information on rodenticide-</p>	<p>1# Rodenticide Resistance Action Group (RRAG) is not a public organisation. RRAG is a “UK-based group consisting of representatives</p>	<p>1# III</p>	<p>1# no</p>	<p>1# yes</p>		

	<p>resistance avoidance and management strategies. The deliberations of RRAG are published on the web site of the UK Chemical Regulations Directorate. I was Chairman of RRAG during the eight years from 2000 to 2007, and continue to be a member having relinquished the chair. RRAG was not created under a national or international statute. It was established in order to provide advice on management of rodenticide resistance to any interested party who might access the RRAG web site. Material published on the web is agreed by discussion. There is no voting. 01/2000 – now.</p> <p>2# Campaign for Responsible Rodenticide Use (CRRU). UK. Private. CRRU is an industry-led organisation that addresses concerns about adverse effects of rodenticides by promoting responsible rodenticide use. My role is that of a technical adviser (honorary). I do not have the right to vote. 01/2004 - 04/2012.</p>	<p>from universities, government agencies and all sectors of the pest control industry, with expertise in rodenticide resistance.” Its current steering group includes employees of the pest control industry and of pesticide companies. RRAG is a structure inside the British Pest Control Association (BPCA), the “leading UK trade association representing those organisations with a professional interest in the eradication of public health pests. We are a not-for-profit organisation which acts in the interests of our members and on behalf of the pest management industry within the UK”.</p> <p>2# Campaign for Responsible Rodenticide Use (CRRU) is a private initiative supported by more than 250 pest control companies. Six private companies “are full members of CRRU”.</p>	2# III	2# no	2# yes		
SOUSA Paulo	<p>1# CONFIDENTIAL. Service rendering for consulting company involving soil ecotoxicological testing of pesticides (client: RAIZ – forestry management consulting companies). RAIZ is involved in giving advice and technical support to several entities (their associates and other private or public entities) in the sector of forestry management (essentially on the paper industry sector). RAIZ is not involved in any type of pesticide research nor have any activities linked to pesticide registration. The studies I am involved aim at evaluating possible effects of insecticide application in eucalyptus plantations (done with the aim of eliminating existing pests associated to these plantations) towards non-target organisms. The results produced are not to be used by pesticide companies or for regulatory purposes in PPP authorizations. Funds received go to the Research Institute. 01/2000 – now.</p> <p>2# CONFIDENTIAL. Service rendering for consulting company involving soil ecotoxicological testing of pesticides and evaluating effects on soil organism communities (client: ALTRI FLORESTAL – forestry management consulting</p>	<p>1# Consultancy activity for unknown firm. The client, RAIZ, is a forestry management consulting company.</p> <p>2# Consultancy activity for unknown firm. The client, ALTRI FLORESTAL, is a forestry management consulting company.</p>	1# V	1# CbC	1# yes		
			2# V	2# CbC	2# yes		

	<p>companies). ALTRI FLORESTAL is involved in giving advice and technical support to several entities (their associates and other private or public entities) in the sector of forestry management (essentially on the paper industry sector). ALTRI FLORESAL is not involved in any type of pesticide research nor have any activities linked to pesticide registration. The studies I am involved aim at evaluating possible effects of insecticide application in eucalyptus plantations (done with the aim of eliminating existing pests associated to these plantations) towards non-target organisms. The results produced are not to be used by pesticide companies or for regulatory purposes in PPP authorizations. Funds received go to the Research Institute. 01/2000 – now.</p> <p>3# LQA – Ambiente. Service rendering for a consulting company involving soil ecotoxicological tests in contaminated sites for site ERA (client: LQA Ambiente - environmental consulting company). This company is mainly involved in rendering services related to environmental engineering and chemical analysis (also including analysis of pesticides, but mainly chemical analysis of other contaminants in industrial contaminated sites). However, to my knowledge, they have never been involved in producing data used for the registration of plant protection products. Besides, as mentioned earlier none of the occasional consultancy I render to this company were or are related to plant protection products, but with soil contaminated with organic pollutants and/or metals from industrial sites not related to pesticide producing factories. Funds received go to the Research Institute. 01/2000 – now.</p> <p>4# EU-funded FP5*** project BIOASSESS – European Biodiversity Assessment Tools. EVK4 -CT99-00280 - Evaluate the effects of land-use gradient on biodiversity patterns of several fauna indicators. 2000-2003.</p> <p>5# EU-funded FP5*** project VISTA - Vulnerability of Ecosystem services to land use changes in traditional</p>	<p>3# LQA – Ambiente is a environmental consulting firm.</p> <p>4# BIOASSESS consortium included only public research institutes and universities.</p> <p>5# VISTA consortium included only public research institutes and universities.</p>	<p>3# V</p> <p>4# VI</p> <p>5# VI</p>	<p>3# CbC</p> <p>4# no</p> <p>5# no</p>	<p>3# yes</p> <p>4# no</p> <p>5# no</p>		
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	<p>agricultural systems - EVK2- 2002-00168. Evaluate changes on biodiversity patterns of soil fauna from agricultural areas. 2002-2005.</p> <p>6# EU-funded FP6** project RUBICODE - Rationalising biodiversity conservation in dynamic ecosystems. GOCE-CT-2006-036890 - Development of concepts and strategies to evaluate ecosystems services across different ecosystems 2006-2009.</p> <p>7# EU-funded FP7* project ECOFINDERS - Ecological Function and Biodiversity Indicators in European Soils. Validation of indicators of biodiversity to comply with EU policies; evaluate relationships between biodiversity and ecosystem service provision. 2011-2014.</p> <p>8# EU-funded FP7* project TRAINBIODIVERSE- Training for functional soil microorganism biodiversity. (PITN-GA-2011-289949). Research and training activities related to the interaction between soil fauna and soil microorganisms and soil ecosystem functions. 2012-2014.</p>	<p>6# RUBICODE consortium included minor private partners such as Median SCP, an environmental consulting company.</p> <p>7# ECOFINDERS consortium includes one minor private partner, ECT Oekotoxikologie, a test company.</p> <p>8# TRAINBIODIVERSE consortium includes minor private partners such as Water & Soil Remediation, a site remediation company.</p>	6# VI	6# no	6# no		6# EU-funded project with minor private beneficiaries.
			7# VI	7# no	7# no		7# EU-funded project with minor private beneficiaries.
			8# VI	8# no	8# no		8# EU-funded project with minor private beneficiaries.
SUNDH Ingvar	<p>1# Binab BioInnovation. The DOM (Domestication of microorganisms) research programme in which I participated ended in June 2011. In one project of DOM (publication by Feng et al. 2011) we studied the population ecology of two Trichoderma fungi. The fungi are used by Binab Bioinnovation in their biocontrol (plant protection) products sold in the EU. The DOM programme received no funding from Binab, but "in kind" assistance in the study in the form of field sampling etc., and one Binab personnel was co-author on the publication. One aim of the DOM programme was that the new knowledge should be disseminated to stakeholders, governmental authorities, organisations as well as industry. Therefore, in my capacity as a researcher in the programme I contributed (unpaid) consulting to Binab. The deliverables to Binab consisted of my participation in meetings with them (2-3), other discussions (phone, email) and one brief report on growth ability of the fungi at different temperatures. My consultancy</p>	<p>1# Binab BioInnovation is a private company producing plant protection products allowed on organic crops.</p>	1# V	1# no	1# yes		

	<p>has hopefully contributed to a greater knowledge in the company about the fundamental properties of their biocontrol fungi. This knowledge could possibly become useful to them in their re-registration of their microbial active agents. But I have no information how they have used, or plan to use, this new knowledge, and I have no possibilities to have an impact on how Binab use this knowledge. 01/2007 - 06/2011.</p> <p>2# Swedish Farmers Foundation for Agricultural Research. Participate (co-applicant) in the research project "Bioevaluation – Are biological control products that are available on foreign markets usable against plant diseases in Sweden?". It is funded by Swedish Farmers' Foundation for Agricultural Research during 2011-2013 and involves the Dept of Forest Mycology and Plant Pathology and Dept of Microbiology, both at SLU (Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences). The research (co-)funding I received from the private sector in the latest full budget year, and for the areas covered by the PPR panel, does not exceed 25% of the total annual research budget that is managed by me. 07/2011 – now.</p>	<p>2# The Swedish Farmers Foundation for Agricultural Research (Stiftelsen Lantbruksforskning) is a Swedish agricultural industry organisation.</p>	2# VI	2# no	2# yes		
TIKTAK Aaldrik VAN DER LINDEN Ton							

TOTAL CEO = 13 conflicts of interests
= 8 no conflict
/ 21 members

*FP7 : 7th Framework Programme for Research and Technological Development (European Union research programme)
**FP6 : 6th Framework Programme for Research and Technological Development (European Union research programme)
***FP5 : 5th Framework Programme for Research and Technological Development (European Union research programme)
CbC : Case by case assessment